

Freedom Of Speech Freedom Of Expression

== International law == d484721e2f The law in its current form finds its root in Section 295A of the Indian Penal Code, enacted by the British Administration in India. This section was inserted into the Indian Penal Code in 1927 via an amendment in the backdrop of a series of murders of Arya Samaj leaders who polemicized against Islam. This began in 1897 with the murder of Pandit Lekhram by a Muslim because he had written a book criticizing Islam. Koenraad Elst argues that "Section 295A was not instituted... d484721e2f There's widespread agreement in Danish legal theory that § 77 protects what is called "formal freedom of speech" (formel ytringsfrihed), meaning that one cannot be required to submit one's speech for review by authorities before publishing or otherwise disseminating it. However, there is disagreement about whether or not § 77 covers "material freedom of speech" (materiel ytringsfrihed), the right to not be punished for one's speech. There is agreement that the phrasing "under responsibility to the courts" gives legislators some right to restrict speech, but conversely, there have been several court decisions implying that some material freedom of speech does exist. The discussion is about whether the material speech has limits or not, and if so, what those limits are. d484721e2f == Legislation == d484721e2f The following list is partially composed of the respective countries' government claims and does not fully reflect the de facto situation, however many sections of the page do contain information about the validity of the government's claims alongside said claims. d484721e2f == History == d484721e2f

Freedom of speech in Denmark Freedom of speech and freedom of the press in Denmark are ensured by § 77 of the constitution: Anyone is entitled to in print, writing and speech to publish Freedom of speech and freedom of the press in Denmark are ensured by § 77 of the constitution: d484721e2f

Freedom for the Thought That We Hate non-fiction book by journalist Anthony Lewis about freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of thought, and the First Amendment to the United States Constitution d484721e2f

Section 2(b) of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms establishes the right to freedom of expression, and the Supreme Court of Canada has interpreted this right in a very broad fashion. The Court has said that any act that is intended to convey a message is protected under section 2(a) but that this does not include acts that have a violent form. However, section 1 of the Charter establishes that "reasonable" limits can be placed on the right if those limits are prescribed by law and can be "demonstrably justified in a free and democratic society". d484721e2f

Artistic freedom Artistic freedom (or freedom of artistic expression) can be defined as "the freedom to imagine, create and distribute diverse cultural expressions free of governmental d484721e2f

Freedom of speech by country Freedom of speech is the concept of the inherent human right to voice one's opinion publicly without fear of censorship or

punishment. The right is preserved in the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights and is granted formal recognition by the laws of most nations. In many nations, particularly those with authoritarian forms of government, overt government censorship is enforced. "Speech" is not Freedom of speech is the concept of the inherent human right to voice one's opinion publicly without fear of censorship or punishment. Nonetheless, the degree to which the right is upheld in practice varies greatly from one nation to another. Censorship has also been claimed to occur in other forms and there are different approaches to issues such as hate speech, obscenity, and defamation laws. "Speech" is not limited to public speaking and is generally taken to include other forms of expression

Freedom of expression in India However, Article 19(2) allows the state to impose reasonable restrictions in the interest of the sovereignty and integrity of India, the security of the state, friendly relations with foreign states, public order, decency or morality, or in relation to contempt of court, defamation, or incitement to an offence. Despite these constitutional guarantees, India ranked 157th out of 180 countries in Reporters Without Borders' World Press Freedom Index in 2026. These six basic freedoms were considered vital by the framers of the constitution. Constitution of India guarantees six basic freedoms to all citizens under Article 19, the first among them being the freedom of speech and expression under clause The Constitution of India guarantees six basic freedoms to all citizens under Article 19, the first among them being the freedom of speech and expression under clause (1)(a)

Academic freedom Academic freedom of speech. has freedom of expression without government interference, but this freedom is circumscribed by academic expertise and position

The book received a positive reception and the Intellectual Freedom Round Table of the American Library Association awarded McLeod with the Eli M. Oboler Memorial Award, which honors the "best published work in the area of intellectual freedom". A review in The American Scholar said that McLeod " ... delivers a lively, personal account of the ways intellectual property messes with people—and how he messes with intellectual property." American Book Review said...

Freedom of expression in Canada Freedom of expression in Canada is protected as a "fundamental freedom" by Section 2 of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms (enacted 1982); however Freedom of expression in Canada is protected as a "fundamental freedom" by Section 2 of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms (enacted 1982); however, in practice the Charter permits the government to enforce "reasonable" limits censoring speech. Hate speech, obscenity, and defamation are common categories of restricted speech in Canada

Anyone is entitled to in print, writing and speech to publish his or hers thoughts, yet under responsibility to the courts. Censorship and other preventive measures can never again be introduced. Article 19 of the UDHR states that "everyone shall have the right to hold opinions without interference" and "everyone shall have the right to freedom of expression; this right shall include freedom to seek, receive, and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or print, in the form of art, or through any other media of his choice". The version of Article 19 in the ICCPR later amends this by stating that the exercise of these rights...

Freedom of Expression (book) The paperback edition includes a foreword by Lawrence Lessig. The book encourages the reader to continue such uses in art and other forms of creative expression. Freedom of Expression® is a book written by Kembrew McLeod about freedom of speech issues involving concepts of intellectual property. The book was first published in 2005 by Doubleday as Freedom of Expression®: Overzealous Copyright Bozos and Other Enemies of Creativity, and in 2007 by University of Minnesota Press as Freedom of Expression®: Resistance and Repression in the Age of Intellectual Property d484721e2f

Freedom of speech in the United States Constitution. In the United States, freedom of speech and expression is strongly protected from government restrictions by the First Amendment to the U. S d484721e2f

Freedom of speech However, in legal contexts, freedom of expression more broadly encompasses the right to seek, receive, and impart information or ideas, regardless of the medium used. Many countries have constitutional laws that protect freedom of speech. The right to freedom of expression has been recognised as a human right in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) and international human rights law. constitutional laws that protect freedom of speech. Terms such as free speech, freedom of speech, and freedom of expression are often used interchangeably Freedom of speech is a principle that supports the freedom of an individual or a community to articulate their opinions and ideas without fear of retaliation, censorship, or legal sanction. Terms such as free speech, freedom of speech, and freedom of expression are often used interchangeably in political discourse d484721e2f

The major punishable acts are child pornography, libel, and hate speech/racism, which are restricted by the Danish penal code. Like... d484721e2f

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